

Proprietà delle sottrazioni

Applica la proprietà invariantiva.

Esempio: $140 - 47 = (140 - 40) - (47 - 40) = 100 - 7 = 93$

1. $168 - 78 = \dots$ [90]
2. $560 - 525 = \dots$ [35]
3. $694 - 664 = \dots$ [30]
4. $1069 - 919 = \dots$ [150]
5. $3256 - 3146 = \dots$ [110]
6. $1715 - 1635 = \dots$ [80]
7. $8114 - 8103 = \dots$ [11]
8. $7576 - 3476 = \dots$ [4100]
9. $12128 - 4128 = \dots$ [8000]
10. $21671 - 21647 = \dots$ [24]
11. $56125 - 56109 = \dots$ [16]
12. $7319 - 619 = \dots$ [6700]
13. $26012 - 6712 = \dots$ [19300]
14. $47438 - 27438 = \dots$ [20000]
15. $5489 - 5456 = \dots$ [33]
16. $91468 - 90465 = \dots$ [1003]
17. $60212 - 34212 = \dots$ [26000]
18. $17825 - 14825 = \dots$ [3000]
19. $96104 - 8104 = \dots$ [88000]
20. $412003 - 408007 = \dots$ [3996]