

## Equazioni fratte (di primo, secondo e terzo grado)

Risolvi le seguenti equazioni fratte.

1.  $\frac{2x+1}{x-2} = 1$

$[x = -3]$

2.  $\frac{3x+2}{x-4} = 3$

$[impossibile]$

3.  $-\frac{2}{x} - \frac{1}{x+1} = 2$

$[x_1 = -2, x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}]$

4.  $\frac{5(x+1)}{x-1} - \frac{1}{3} = 1 + \frac{4x+1}{2x-2}$

$[x = -\frac{7}{2}]$

5.  $\frac{7}{x+5} - \frac{1}{x-5} = \frac{2}{x^2-25}$

$[x = 7]$

6.  $\frac{5x-2}{5x+2} - \frac{5x+2}{5x-2} = \frac{80}{25x^2-4}$

$[x = -2]$

7.  $\frac{x-\frac{1}{2}}{x-1} - \frac{4}{3x} = \frac{x+\frac{1}{2}}{x+1} + \frac{3}{4} + \frac{x}{x^2-1}$

$[x = -\frac{16}{9}]$

8.  $\frac{2}{x^3} - \frac{5-(x+2)^2}{x^3+3x^2} - \frac{1}{x+3} = \frac{4(x-1)}{x^3+3x^2}$

$[x = -\frac{6}{5}]$

9.  $\frac{x-1}{x+2} + \frac{2x^2-1}{x^2+3x+2} - \frac{x}{x+1} = \frac{2(x-1)}{x^2+3x+2}$

$[x_1 = 0, x_2 = 2]$

$$10. \frac{x-2}{x^2} \cdot \left( \frac{x}{x^2-4} + \frac{3x}{x+2} \right) + \frac{2}{x} = \frac{2}{x-2} + x \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x+2} \right) + \frac{x+1}{x^2-4}$$

$$[x = \frac{1}{6}]$$

$$11. 2 \left[ \frac{x}{x^2-6x+5} + \frac{3x}{x(x-1)} + \frac{1}{x-5} \right] - \frac{1}{x-1} = 3 \left[ \frac{1}{x} + \frac{x+1}{x(x-1)} \right] + \frac{x+1}{x^2-6x+5}$$

$$[x = -1]$$

$$12. \frac{x^4 - 2x^3 + x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 + 3x + 2} = \frac{x-2}{x+1}$$

$$[x_1 = 1, x_2 = 2]$$

$$13. \frac{x^3 - 15x^2 - 105}{x^2 - 4x} = \frac{71}{4-x}$$

$$[x_1 = 3, x_2 = 5, x_3 = 7]$$

$$14. \frac{4x}{x-2} - \frac{2x}{x-3} - \frac{x^2}{x^2-5x+6} = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$$

$$[x = \frac{1}{2}]$$

$$15. \frac{x}{x+1} - \frac{x+1}{x+2} - \frac{x+2}{x+1} - \frac{x+3}{x+2} = 0$$

[impossibile]

$$16. \frac{x(x+1) + (x+2)(x-2)}{x^2-4} + \frac{x+1}{x+2} = \frac{x+1}{x-2} - \frac{x(x+1)}{x^2-4} + \frac{x}{x+2}$$

[impossibile]

$$17. \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{x+1}{x^2-9} + \frac{1}{x^2} \frac{6x^2+11}{x^2-9} = \frac{1}{x-3} + \frac{1}{x^2-9} - \frac{1}{x+3}$$

$$[x_1 = -2, x_2 = 1]$$

$$18. \frac{\frac{x^2-2x+1}{2}}{\frac{x^2-4}{2}} - \frac{16x^2}{(x-1)(x^2-4)} = \frac{x+1}{x-1} - \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{x^2-3x+2} + \frac{x-1}{x-2}$$

$$[x_1 = \frac{1}{6}, x_2 = \frac{1}{3}]$$

$$19. \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{2x+1} - \frac{1}{x-1} = -\frac{2x-1}{2x^2-x-1} - \frac{\frac{3}{x}}{x-1} - \frac{2}{2x+1}$$

$$[x = -\frac{5}{2}]$$

$$20. \frac{1}{x} + \frac{2}{x+1} - \frac{x+1}{x^2-x} = \frac{1}{x-1} - \frac{x}{x^2-1} + \frac{2x-1}{x^2+x}$$

$$[x = -\frac{3}{2}]$$